BUCKINGHAMSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL



Thomas Hickman School

Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Policy

Adopted by Thomas Hickman School

Adopted by Governors Full GB:		July 2012
Governing committee accountable for review	Performance	
SLT member accountable for review:		Lucy Hodgins
Date of last review:		September 2022
Date of next review: Government Policy)		September 2023 (subject to changes in

Signed:

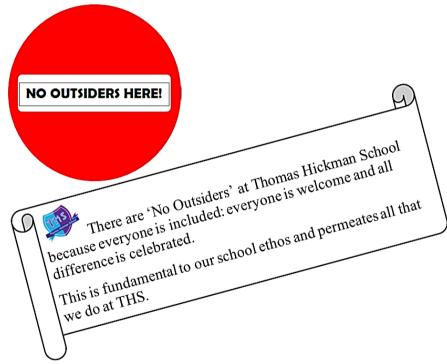
Date:

<u>B.I.R.D.S</u>

Our school values underpin everything that our school community does.

Brave	We face challenges with strength and are willing to 'have a go' and take risks.	
Independent & Inspiration	We are inspirational citizens and there is no limit to what we can	
achieve for ourselves and our community.		
Resilient & Respectful	We respect everyone as individuals regardless of differences and do the right	
	thing even when no one is watching.	
Determined	We are determined to succeed and strive for greatness, even when giving up is	
	the easier option.	
Scholarly	We gain knowledge by being curious; empowering us to create the lives we	
	want for ourselves. We call this 'growing our brains'.	

We have a rich and varied school community and we celebrate our differences and support each other so that no BIRDS fly alone. We believe that there are No Outsiders Here at Thomas Hickman School...



At Thomas Hickman School we endeavor to improve the lives of children, young people and families. We celebrate our rich diversity and take steps to tackle all kinds of bullying. In doing so, we believe that children will attain more at school and our community will be happier and more successful.

We celebrate all our children and their families without discrimination.

We are a caring community where our whole-school, BIRDS charter is built on mutual trust and respect for all, regardless of **race**, **religion**, **ethnicity**, **sexual orientation**, **gender identity**, **disability**, **age** or **gender**. The 'No Outsiders' message fulfills our duty to promote diversity and prepares our children for life in modern Britain.

'No Outsiders' is British Law and supports the Equality Act to ensure that everybody is treated equally and without prejudice.





As a Trauma Informed School (TIS) staff at Thomas Hickman understand that Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs) will impact a child's ability to manage school life and inhibit their ability to learn and reach their ambitions.

Research shows that children with **3 Aces or more** are;

- Twice as likely to experience academic failure
- Five times as likely to have attendance problems
- Twice as likely to be overweight
- Thirty two times more likely to have behaviour problems

For every additional ACE there is an increased risk of learning difficulties, behaviour problems, obesity and mental health issues later in life.

Staff at THS know that emotionally available adults in school actually shape the neurocognitive development of executive functions in the child's frontal lobe and therefore interrupt the impact of ACES – in essence, adults who have a strong relationship with a child can redirect a child's future.

Therefore, staff work tirelessly to:

- Understand a child's 'story' what's happened to them in their little lives so far, <u>not</u> 'what's wrong with them'?
- Develop secure attachments with the children in their care
- Ensure that children are kept safe, are seen and soothed and that they feel secure.
- Help children to understand how the 3 main areas of the brain work to support their emotional literacy, co-regulation and, ultimately, work towards self-regulation all of which are far more challenging for a child with ACES.

Hand on Heart is a whole school approach that encompasses TIS alongside Norfolk Steps methodology to ensure that our school community is a place where children are ready to be curious, take flight and learn well, leading to a sky of opportunity and a successful adult life.



Thomas Hickman Special Educational Needs (SEN) Policy September 2021

Introduction

At Thomas Hickman, we recognise every child's right to a broad, balanced, relevant and challenging curriculum. The National Curriculum is our starting point for planning that meets the specific needs of individuals and groups of children. When planning, teachers set suitable learning challenges and respond to the learning needs of all of the children. Diversity is recognised as a valuable source of enriching and supporting the learning of all – there are "No Outsiders Here" at Thomas Hickman School.

A minority of children have particular learning or behavioural requirements or difficulties that could create barriers to learning. These requirements are likely to arise as a consequence of a child having Special Educational Needs. Teachers take account of these requirements and make reasonable adjustments, where necessary, to support individuals or groups of children in order to enable them to participate effectively in our "Contagious and Courageous" curriculum and assessment activities. The support of children with SEND is done in a holistic way where adaptations, reasonable adjustments and support in class are enhanced by specific interventions for individuals or small groups.

Children may have Special Educational Needs either throughout or at any time during their school career. This policy ensures that curriculum planning and assessment for children with Special Educational Needs takes account of the type and extent of the difficulty experienced by individual children.

Aims and objectives

The aims of this policy are:

- To create an environment that meets the Special Educational Needs of each individual child;
- To ensure that the Special Educational Needs of children are identified, assessed and adequately provided for;
- To make clear the expectations of all stakeholders in the process;
- To identify the roles and responsibilities of staff in providing for children's Special Educational Needs;
- To enable all children to have full access to all elements of the school curriculum and school life.

Educational inclusion

Through appropriate curricular provision we respect the fact that children:

- 1. Have different educational and behavioural needs
- 2. Have different aspirations.
- 3. Require different strategies for learning.
- 4. Acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates.
- 5. Need a variety and range of different teaching approaches and experiences.

Teachers respond to children's needs by:

1. Supporting every child's progress, irrespective of whether they have physical, sensory, emotional, behavioural, specific or general learning needs.

- 2. Planning to develop children's understanding through the use of all available senses and experiences.
- Planning for children's full participation in learning and in physical and practical activities by applying reasonable adjustments and differentiation to support their learning and break down barriers.
- 4. Helping children, through reasonable adjustments in our Behaviour Policy, to manage their behaviour and to take part in learning effectively and safely.
- 5. Helping individuals to manage their emotions, particularly trauma or stress, and to take part in learning.

Special Educational Needs – The Graduated Approach (3 distinct groups)

Children with Special Educational Needs will have some aspects of learning, behavioural or medical difficulties that call for provision that is different from or additional to normal quality first teaching. The earlier that a need is identified the quicker that appropriate action can be taken to support the child and their progress.

The school uses the recommended graduated approach for the identification, assessment of and provision of pupils with SEN. This involves a decision making process based on in-class assessments and pupil tracking.

The Special Educational Needs Coordinator is consulted about decisions involving SEN for a particular child and to discuss suitable provision and intervention.

If a pupil is deemed to have SEN then the class teacher will produce an SEN Support Plan which outlines their needs and strategies for support. They follow the Assess, Plan, Do, Review process from the SEN Code of Practice and every plan is reviewed at the end of each term; unless it is deemed necessary to review these earlier.

Pupils with persistent challenging behaviour which contravenes our Behaviour Policy will have access to a range of behaviour support strategies and reasonable adjustments to meet their needs; examples of these adjustments may include an SEN Support Plan, a Behaviour Intervention Plan (BIP), support from a Specialist Behaviour Teacher/PRU, time out, positive reward systems, social skills groups, individual therapy sessions with our in-house Child Therapist and Wellbeing Lead and our lunch time 'Aviary' for children who are unable to cope on the busy main playground. This is not an exhaustive list: each child is different, and each reasonable adjustment will be unique in its design to support them to succeed.

Children who do not make the expected progress, despite quality first teaching and supporting intervention, may need to be referred to an outside professional for further assessment and investigation.

Quality First Teaching

It is understood that the school's usual differentiated curriculum and strategies will provide adequate support for the needs of **most children**. Teachers deliver our "Contagious and Courageous" curriculum using a variety of engaging and challenging activities.

However, it will be the case that for some pupils this will not be sufficient to address their individual needs. For those pupils the school will need to provide reasonable adjustments, interventions or different ways of approaching learning in class that is **additional to or different from** those provided as part of the school's usual differentiated curriculum; our Principles of Instruction. This is where reasonable adjustments are put in place, both in and out of the classroom, to support needs in a more bespoke manner.

All children are assessed and monitored regularly in order to understand how they are progressing towards the year group age related statements. Reading and spelling ages are also taken each term and the outcomes of these are used to determine children who need further support.

SEN Support Plan

Up to 13.5 hours of support per week. This is provided within the school's delegated SEN budget.

This layer is designed for pupils with a need that requires something additional to and different from quality first teaching in order to make progress towards Age Related Expectations.

Plans are written in collaboration with all stakeholders to ensure that the pupil is getting everything they need to succeed and make progress from their individual starting points. Outside professionals may be involved with supporting the pupil and advising school and parents on the reasonable adjustments and support needed for the pupil to make progress from their individual starting point.

County Assessment

If the needs of a pupil are still not being met by the school, indicated by slow progress from individual starting points, despite reasonable adjustments and support, the school may consider requesting for either Higher Needs Block Funding (short term funding) or Statutory Assessment (which could lead to an Education Health and Care Plan being issued). County will seek a range of advice before making a formal plan.

The needs of the pupil are considered to be paramount in this and the school must prove that the child is already getting a high level of support per week, not making progress and/or being at a very low level of attainment. This assessment will help to determine the level of support that County are able to supply on top of the existing 13.5 hours provided by the school.

In some cases, an EHCP can be issued that does not include any additional hours of support; it will outline the child's needs, targets and additional external support.

The Role of the SENCO (Assistant Head, Inclusion)

In our school the Assistant Head:

- Manages the day-to-day operation of the policy.
- Line manages the majority of the teaching assistants across the school.
- Co-ordinates the provision for and manages the responses to children's special needs.
- Supports and advises colleagues on reasonable adjustments, support in class, strategies and interventions where necessary.
- Maintains the school's SEN register and updates sims.net on a termly basis.
- Contributes to and manages the records of all children with special educational needs.
- Manages the school-based assessment and completes the documentation required by outside agencies and county.
- Acts as the link with parents.

- Maintains resources and a range of teaching materials to enable appropriate provision to be made.
- Acts as link with external agencies and other support agencies.
- Monitors and evaluates the special educational needs provision and reports to the Governing body.
- Manages a range of resources, human and material, linked to children with Special Educational Needs.
- Works closely with school colleagues to ensure a holistic approach to the education of pupils.

All of this is supported by the school SENTA, who works closely with the SENCO and SLT.

The role of the Governing Body

The Governing Body should have regard for the Code of Practice when carrying out duties towards all children with SEN. They will appoint a link governor who will liaise with the Head Teacher and SENCO to ensure that the necessary provision is made for pupils with SEN.

The SENCO will also produce regular termly reports so that Governors are aware of actions and impact.

Allocation of resources

Resource needs and implications should be clearly detailed on individual SEN Support Plans. The School Development Plan is used to identify and drive strategic planning, whole school initiatives, targeted improvements and training needs in order to raise the effectiveness of SEND support across the school community. The Headteacher informs the Governing Body of how the funding allocated to support Special Educational Needs has been employed.

Assessment

Early identification is vital. The class teacher will inform their Phase Leader or the SENCO of any concerns they have about a child's needs and/or development. These will be discussed during Pupil Progress meetings. Parents must also be informed at the earliest opportunity to alert them to concerns and enlist their active help and participation.

With early intervention in mind, the SENCO and Phase 1 Lead meet regularly to discuss children in the Early Years who have already been identified as having SEND or are causing concern. They discuss progress and plan which children require additional support, external agencies or additional funding. There is also an extra layer of recording for those children where it is felt that they may 'catch-up' within a couple of terms of support within the setting. Reasonable adjustments and support are noted down and the impact monitored. These children may move to having a more formal SEN Support Plan put in place or, if enough progress is seen and where the gap has been closed, children may move to being supported through Quality First Teaching alone.

The class teacher and SLT will assess and monitor the children's progress in line with existing school practices.

The SENCO will work closely with parents and teachers to plan an appropriate programme of reasonable adjustments, differentiation and targeted intervention. Class Teachers and Teaching Assistants keep records of any interventions and track progress from a baseline assessment. This information then informs SEN Support Plans and a central record of intervention impact is kept by the SENCO. Each term relevant

changes are made to individual provision through the Review aspect of the SEN process. This is carried out by class teachers, parents, pupils (where appropriate) and any support staff involved with the pupil.

Children are also assessed using PIRA (reading) and PUMA (maths) in order to gauge their working age and plan accordingly. Results for all children are reported, tracked and monitored by the class teacher and SLT The SENCO monitors the results for SEN children via class records and creates progress venn diagrams (RWM combined) as it is understood that children with SEND will, most likely, be working below ARE but should still make progress from their individual starting points.

Access to our Contagious and Courageous Curriculum

All children have an entitlement to a broad, balanced and challenging curriculum, which is differentiated to enable children to:

- Understand the relevance and purpose of learning activities.
- Experience levels of understanding and rates of progress that bring feelings of success and achievement.

Children with SEN needs are front and centre in the classroom: the class teacher is responsible for the day to day planning and delivery of their adjusted provision using a range of strategies to meet children's Special Educational Needs. Children with SEN needs work with both the class teacher and TA at different times of the week. Lessons have clear learning objectives, work is differentiated and reasonable adjustments are made. Ongoing assessment is used to inform the next stage of learning.

We support children in a manner that acknowledges their entitlement to share the same learning experiences that their peers enjoy. Wherever possible, we do not withdraw children from the classroom situation. There are times though when, to maximise learning, we ask the children to work in small groups, or in a one-to-one situation outside the classroom. Keep-up not Catch-up sessions happen regularly in classes and year groups to capture any children (regardless of needs or attainment) who have not quite grasped the concept in class that day but who, with a little more input, will feel more secure and ready for the following day's learning. Interventions are there to support the learning that is happening in class so that the children can rehearse or apply that knowledge and understanding, and in turn making the classroom more accessible. Interventions are about quality not quantity and will be carefully planned for the pupil or group of pupils taking part.

Provision for SEN

Teaching Assistants work in classes to support children with additional needs and those with EHCPs during lessons. Some withdrawal support for specific interventions is also provided, however these interventions are kept to a minimum and carefully tracked for impact and changes are made when necessary. The provision is flexible and relevant to the needs of the pupil and aim to promote self-esteem. Withdrawal does not jeopardise the child's right to a broad and balanced curriculum.

The school has access to a range of external professionals including the following; Educational Psychologist, SALT, Cognition and Learning, Community Paediatrician, Occupational Therapy, EYFS SEN Advice, CAMHS, Young Carers, and counselling support for children with both EAL and SEN.

Partnership with parents

The school prospectus contains details of our policy for Special Educational Needs, and the arrangements made for these children in our school.

The knowledge, views and first-hand experience that parents have regarding their children is valued for the contribution it makes to the child's education. Parents are seen as partners in the education process.

All parents are welcome to contact the SENCO if they have concerns about special educational provision. Parents are strongly encouraged to keep in contact with their class teacher regarding their child's progress. The home-school agreement outlines how parents can support their child's learning at home.

We have termly meetings with parents to share the progress of all children, including those with special needs. We inform the parents of any outside intervention, and we share the process of decision-making by providing clear information relating to the education of children with Special Educational Needs.

Monitoring and evaluation

The SENCO is involved in supporting teachers, in drawing up SEN Support Plans and discussing appropriate support and adjustments for children. There is a regular cycle of book looks, learning walks, observations, data analysis and reviewing of plans. The Senior Leadership team also hold regular meetings to review the work of the school in this area. The SENCO and the named SEN Governor also hold termly meetings.

SEN Support Plans are reviewed each term (or sooner if required). A face-to-face meeting is held with parents/carers to discuss SEN provision specifically – this meeting is in addition to the regular Parent Consultations.

Teaching Assistants who are running intervention groups record their sessions using the Intervention Plan. They also carry out a baseline assessment at the start of the intervention and check progress at regular intervals. This ensures that they adapt their sessions to suit the changing needs and progress of the children in each group. This work is supported by the Class Teacher and SENCO.

Children's individual progress is also tracked using Target Tracker and our in-house monitoring system. This information is used by teachers and SLT to monitor progress and attainment and to ascertain if children are beginning to struggle.

Admissions

Schools are all very individual places and it is important that parents make the right choice for their child. Our advice to parents is to always visit schools and talk to staff in order to gauge which ones you feel would suit their child's needs best.

<u>Children with an existing Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)</u> should refer to the Bucks Family Information Service website. Buckinghamshire County Council have a responsibility to place EHCP children within a setting that can meet the needs laid out in the plan. Therefore, county SEN manage the admissions process for any SEN pupils who have an EHCP. <u>Children with SEN but without an EHCP</u> Thomas Hickman is an inclusive school. Staff work hard to ensure that the needs individual children are met. Parents must be open and speak to school about their child's needs; school staff are more than happy to discuss this with parents. This provides parents with a clear understanding of Thomas Hickman and enables them to work out if it is the right place for their child. School can then plan ahead and ensure that a child's needs can be met when they start with us. Many parents with children that have additional needs often request significant 1:1 support for their child. Unfortunately, this is not something that can be provided without additional funding from an EHCP or Higher Needs Block Funding.

This policy is reviewed annually.

Signed: Mrs Lucy Hodgins

Date: September 2022