#### Thomas Hickman School Pupil Premium strategy statement including planned expenditure, outcomes and impact 2019-20

The Government believes that the pupil premium, which is in addition to main school funding, is the best way to address the current underlying inequalities between children eligible for free school meals and their wealthier peers by ensuring that funding to tackle disadvantage reaches the pupils who need it most. National research shows that children who have been eligible for Free School Meals <u>at any point</u> in their school career have consistently lower educational attainment than those who have never been eligible.

Strong leadership systems ensure that the Pupil Premium funding has the necessary impact. This includes an identified governor, the Assistant Head teacher (in liaison with the Head teacher, SENDCO's (to monitor PP SEN) and the School bursar having responsibility for Pupil Premium.

Summary information								
School	Thomas Hickma	an School						
Academic year	2019-2020				To	tal PP budget		£ £180,120.
Total number of pupils	461 (as of 04.0	9.19)		Nui	mber of pupils	eligible for PP		
Current number of PP eligible pupils	s 132 (30%)	R: 10 Year 1: 19	Year 2: 12	Year 3: 18	Year 4: 20	Year 5: 26	Year 6	5: 27

#### **BARRIERS TO BE ADDRESSED 2019-2020**

- 1. Current *attendance rates* are below the expected 95% NA for PP children.
- 2. The percentage of pupils eligible for PP attaining the *expected level* in each year group is generally below that of pupils not eligible for PP.
- 3. Pupils eligible for PP *lack opportunities due to financial disadvantage.* This means that pupils have fewer life experiences to relate their learning to and to apply to their learning, such as in reading comprehensions and in their writing.
- 4. Pupils eligible for PP suffer from *low self-esteem*; they lack motivation and aspiration and this affects their attitude to learning.
- 5. Catering for the needs of Pupil Premium children who are *also SEN*.
- 6. Parental engagement.

ATTAINMENT: 2018-2019	PP eligible pupils (school)	School (other)	School Difference	National Other (Gap)
Early Years Foundation Stage Profile – achieving a good level of development	47%	70%	-23	73%
				<mark>-26</mark>
Year 1 Phonics – achieving the expected standard in phonic decoding	56% (3 didn't take screening)	91%		84 %
	45%(including the 3 who didn't take)	90%		-28
Key Stage One – achieving the expected standard in Reading	61%	79%	-18	79%
				-18
Key Stage One – achieving Greater Depth in Reading	11%	17%	-6	25%
				<b>-14</b>
Key Stage One – achieving the expected standard in Writing	56%	74%	-18	78%
				<mark>-22</mark>
Key Stage One – achieving Greater Depth in Writing	0%	5%	-5	15%
				- <b>15</b>
Key Stage One – achieving the expected standard in Maths	67%	79%	-12	79%
				<mark>-12</mark>
Key Stage One – achieving Greater Depth in Maths	6%	14%	-8	22%
				-16
K. Chan T. and the trade of the board of the Board's	200/			720/
Key Stage Two – achieving the expected standard in Reading	38%			73%

		-35
Key Stage Two – achieving Greater Depth in Reading	5%	27%
Key Stage Two – achieving the expected standard in Writing	62%	76%
Key Stage Two – achieving Greater Depth in Writing	0%	20%
Key Stage Two – achieving the expected standard in Maths	57%	75%
Key Stage Two – achieving Greater Depth in Maths	10%	27%

# Barrier 1

Current attendance rates are below the 95% NA for PP children.

# ATTENDANCE (97% plus club!)

Desired Outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will we ensure it is implemented well?	Lead by?	Amount allocated
Short term outcome: Pupil Premium attendance will be in line with our school's attendance target of 95%  Long term outcome: Due to increased attendance rates, Pupil Premium attainment and progress will significantly rise leading to a decreased gap between pupil premium children and their peers	<ul> <li>Assistant Head to work alongside attendance officer to monitor attendance and punctuality of all Pupil Premium children</li> <li>Class teachers to phone parents of any absent child, during assembly.</li> <li>Attendance officer to follow up persistent attendance / later arrivals.</li> <li>Additional incentive offered to motivate and reward with a swimming voucher, each term, to those who have attendance of 97% or above.</li> </ul>	We can't improve the attainment of our pupil premium children if they aren't attending school.  Our persistent absence percentage, for disadvantaged pupils, is currently at 91.68% This is below our whole school data of 93.9%. Although both percentages are less than 96%, if we remove one persistent family, who are disadvantaged, the percentage would rise to 94%. This is still below National Expectations, however it has increased from the academic year of 2017/18 which was 93.1% for disadvantaged.	<ul> <li>All class teachers to phone at 9.15am each day to discuss why their child is absent.</li> <li>Class teachers to keep a monitoring log of phone calls that they have made.</li> <li>Office to check answerphone by 9.15am and share relevant details with class teachers (before they phone)</li> <li>JH to prepare PP weekly attendance reports and share with AHT.</li> </ul>	Ass. HT	f1065  (This will allow each PP child to receive a swimming voucher, each term, if they have 97%+)

# Barrier 2

The percentage of pupils eligible for PP attaining the expected level in each year group is generally below that of pupils not eligible for PP.

# **ADDITIONAL TEACHER IN YEAR 5/6**

# NOT ARP (Key Stage 1)

Desired Outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will we ensure it is implemented well?	Lead by?	Amount allocated
Accelerated progress leading to 'closing the attainment gap' between PP children and their peers in reading, writing and maths.  To ensure that all disadvantaged children are receiving Quality First Teaching and are provided with opportunities to close the gap.  To support children in Year 1/2 who are not yet able to access the National Curriculum.	<ul> <li>An additional teacher to be placed in Year 6 and Year 5 to teach English daily. This will reduce the number of children in each group.</li> <li>Provide a 'Not ARP' for those who are not ready to access the National Curriculum.</li> </ul>	Current Year 6's have the highest proportion of disadvantaged children in the school.  SEN / Assessment data show that children are not able to access at the required level.	<ul> <li>Data Narratives to show impact.</li> <li>Books / Learning Walks</li> <li>Attainment gap will close between PP and All Other.</li> <li>PP children will make accelerated progress</li> </ul>	GH (Year 6) – monitored by JM. TA's	Not ARP (2 x staff members) £48,700 Additional teacher in Year 6 £27,553

# Impact Statement:

#### Barrier 3

Pupils eligible for PP *lack opportunities due to financial disadvantage.* This means that pupils have fewer life experiences to relate their learning to and to apply to their learning, such as in reading comprehensions and in their writing.

### SCHOOL TRIPS, RESIDENTIAL VISITS AND EXTRA-CURRICULUR OPPORTUNITIES

Desired Outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and	How will we ensure it is implemented	Lead by?	Amount
		rationale for this choice?	well?		allocated
To provide equality of	School trips, residential	Family circumstances should	All pupil premium children will have	Ass. HT	Coach
opportunity to disadvantaged	visits, swimming and coach	not determine whether children	their school trips paid for using the		
pupils to engage with extra-	journeys will be paid for.	can participate in extra-	funding	Bursar	£3,012.07
curricular opportunities and		curricular activities and which	All Year 6 pupil premium children		
have access to a range of	Some disadvantaged	children cannot.	will be offered a fully funded place		Trips
curriculum enrichment to	children will be offered the		on the school residential.		
improve and enhance breadth	opportunity to attend after-	PP children often have less	All Year 2 and 4 disadvantaged		£4,995.65
of life experience, shape lives,	school clubs. These children	access to cultural and social	children will have their swimming		
support aspirations and open	will be looked at as an	experiences.	lessons paid for.		Swimming
windows of opportunity.	individual basis to see if they		Priority given to PP pupils when new		(Yr2 and 4)
In addition, these	would benefit from any	The trips and residentials will	clubs are selected e.g. archery, mini		
opportunities would support	outside agency support e.g.	allow children to develop their	tennis and gymnastics.		£1,442
their academic work	StageCoach.	self-confidence, independence	All disadvantaged children will		
throughout the curriculum by		skills, self-esteem, physical well-	attend school dressed appropriately.		Uniform
enriching vocabulary,	To provide a uniform (1x PE	being and knowledge and			£2,500
knowledge and	T-shirt, 1x School jumper	understanding of the world.			
understanding.	and additional extras for				Extra-
	those who require it.)				Curricular
					Learning
					£1,500

### **Impact Statement:**

100% of Pupil Premium children have had their school trips fully funded. Disadvantaged families were given PE kits and uniform, when requested. Last academic year (2018-2019) 82% of Pupil Premium children accessed an extra-curricular club, compared to 81% of non-Pupil Premium children.

### Autumn 2019:

KS1 PP attending clubs = 63%

KS1 NON PP attending clubs = 58%

KS2 PP attending clubs = 68%

KS2 NON PP attending clubs = 65%

Total (1-6)

PP attending clubs = 66%

NON PP attending clubs = 63%

### Barrier 4

Pupils eligible for PP suffer from *low self-esteem*; they lack motivation and aspiration and this affects their attitude to learning.

# THERAPIST, DSL, WELTA

	THERAPIST, DSL, WELTA						
Desired Outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and	How will we ensure it is implemented	Lead by?	Amount		
		rationale for this choice?	well?		allocated		
Accelerated progress leading to 'closing the attainment gap' between PP children and their peers.  Build up positive relationships with hard to reach families.	<ul> <li>WELTA support offered daily in the Acron Centre. Parents will have access to regular medical advice and support.</li> <li>Pastoral support given to families e.g. PAFT</li> <li>Onsite therapist to support children and families.</li> <li>'Avairy' available to lunchtime support to those who require a smaller setting at lunchtime.</li> </ul>	EDF state that Metacognition and self-regulation approaches aim to help pupils think about their own learning more explicitly, often by teaching them specific strategies for planning, monitoring and evaluating their learning.  The potential impact of these approaches is high, but can be difficult to achieve in practice as they require pupils to take	<ul> <li>Children will be able to self-regulate.</li> <li>Increased confidence and self-esteem in children.</li> <li>Children will be happier and therefore able to access their learning.</li> <li>Less behaviour outbursts.</li> </ul>	AM – trained therapist.  FJ JL	£74,612		

	learn unde	er responsibility for their ing and develop their rstanding of what is red to succeed.	
	parer have aspira impo altho evide interv aspira childi	EDF have also tested ntal engagement. They said that Parents' ations also appear to be rtant for pupil outcomes, ugh there is limited ence to show that vening to change parents' ations will raise their ren's aspirations and evement over the longer	
Impact Statement:	·	·	

### **Impact Statement:**

Last academic era, our School Therapist has worked with various children, of which 23 were eligible for Pupil Premium. This has had a positive impact on children's confidence, self-esteem and emotional well-being which we hope, with further interventions next year, will lead to accelerated progress and higher attainment. See individual case studies.

Barrier 5 Catering for the needs of Pupil Premium children who are also SEN							
	PUPIL PREMIUM PUPILS WITH SEN (SENTA) – Interventions						
Desired Outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and	How will we ensure it is implemented	Lead by?	Amount		
		rationale for this choice?	well?		allocated		

and attainment of PP children that have additional SEN needs.  To give all pupils the opportunity to have additional support if they have not fully understood the learning that has taken place.  CT' required to 6 needs.	lasses. imetabled support for nose who require it. Il children to take spelling nd reading age ssessments. ENTA to collate all ntervention information. T's to discuss those who equire additional support in ata meetings. ENCO to oversee Reading nd Spelling ages in year 1 to 6. Highlight those who	The EDF has found that there is an extensive evidence base on the impact of oral language interventions, including a substantial number of meta-analyses and systematic reviews. The evidence is relatively consistent, suggesting that oral language interventions can be successful in a variety of environments. Although the majority of the evidence relates to younger children, there is also clear evidence that older learners, and particularly disadvantaged pupils, can benefit.	Data Narratives will show that disadvantaged children, who have SEN, will have made accelerated progress.	SENCO SENTA Class teachers to identify support required	£12,886
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		Barrier 6			
		PARENTAL ENGAGEMENT			
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Desired Outcome	Chosen action/approach	What is the evidence and	How will we ensure it is implemented	Lead by?	Amount
		rationale for this choice?	well?		allocated

To increase the parental engagement of pupil premium	EYFS morning routines for parents and carers to settle	Poor parental engagement is a key factor leading to poor	Organise and implement parental AHT     workshops (as specified by punit)	
engagement of pupil premium parents and parental confidence (to support their child fully in school and at home)	parents and carers to settle children.  Increase the % of Pupil Premium parents attending parent consultations.  Organise tailored workshops to support parents with their child's learning at home.	the Buckinghamshire gap between pupil premium and non-pupil premium children is the second worst in the country.	workshops (as specified by pupil premium parents)  Monitor parental involvement of PP children.	
Impact:				

Total budgeted cost from Pupil Premium budget	£178,265.72
Total estimated remaining from Pupil Premium budget	£1854.28